SEXUAL HARASSMENT

(See GAF and JGEC)

The board of education is committed to providing a positive and productive working and learning

environment, free from discrimination on the basis of sex, including sexual harassment. The district does

not discriminate on the basis of sex in admissions, employment, or the educational programs or activities it

operates and is prohibited by Title IX from engaging in such discrimination. Discrimination on the basis of

sex, including sexual harassment, will not be tolerated in the school district. Discrimination on the basis of

sex of employees or students of the district in any district education program or activity is strictly

prohibited.

Sexual harassment is unlawful discrimination on the basis of sex under Title IX of the Education

Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination.

All forms of sexual harassment are prohibited at school, on school property, and at all school-sponsored

activities, programs, or events within the United States.

It shall be a violation for any employee to discourage a student or another employee from filing a

complaint, or to fail to investigate or refer for investigation, any complaint lodged under the provisions of

this policy. Violation of this policy by any employee shall result in disciplinary action, up to and including

termination.

Sexual harassment shall include conduct on the basis of sex, involving one or more of the following: (1) A

district employee conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's

participation in unwelcomed sexual conduct; (2) unwelcomed conduct determined by a reasonable

person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal

access to the district's educational program or activity; or (3) sexual assault, dating violence, domestic

violence, or stalking.

Sexual harassment may result from verbal or physical conduct or written or graphic material. Sexual

harassment may include but is not limited to: verbal harassment or abuse of a sexual nature; pressure for

sexual activity; repeated remarks to a person with sexual or demeaning implication; unwelcome

touching; or suggesting or demanding sexual involvement accompanied by implied or explicit threats

concerning an employee's job status.

The district encourages all victims of sexual harassment and persons with knowledge of such harassment

to report the harassment immediately. Complaints of sexual harassment will be promptly investigated

and resolved. Any person may make a verbal or written report of sex discrimination by any means and at

any time.

The assistant superintendent, 401 S. Hamilton, Pratt, KS, david.schmidt@usd382.com, 620-672-4500, has

been designated to coordinate compliance with nondiscrimination requirements contained in Title IX of

the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 regarding discrimination on the

basis of sex, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination. Information concerning the provisions of these

Acts, and the rights provided thereunder, are available from the Title IX Coordinator. Inquiries about the

application of Title IX to the district may be referred to the Title IX Coordinator; to the Assistant Secretary

for Civil Rights at the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW,

Washington, D.C 20202-1100, (800) 421-3481, or at OCR@ed.gov; or both.

Response to Harassment Complaints

The district takes all reports of sexual harassment seriously and will respond meaningfully to every report of

discrimination based on sex, including sexual harassment, of which the district has actual knowledge.

Employees who believe they have been subjected to sexual harassment should discuss the problem with

their immediate supervisor. If an employee's immediate supervisor is the alleged harasser, the employee

should discuss the problem with the building administrator or the Title IX Coordinator. All employees

receiving reports of alleged sexual harassment shall notify the Title IX Coordinator.

Definitions

The following definitions apply to the district in responding to complaints of sexual discrimination including

sexual harassment as defined by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. Title VII of the Civil Rights

Act of 1964, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination.

The "complainant" means an individual who is alleged to be a victim of conduct that could constitute

sexual harassment.

"Dating violence" means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a

romantic or intimate nature with the victim where the existence of such a relationship shall be

determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the

frequency of interaction between the persons involved.

The "decision-maker" reviews all the evidence and prepares an impartial written responsibility

determination as to whether the alleged conduct occurred and provides an opportunity for the parties

Recommended by KASB 10/98 Approved by BOE 2/8/99 Amended/Approved 9/8/03 Revised 9/14/15 Revised 2/11/19 Revised 9/14/20 Revised 9/13/21

and their representatives to prepare written questions to be answered by the other party. The decision-

maker shall not be the Title IX Coordinator or investigator.

"Domestic violence" includes crimes of violence committed by a person who is a current or former

spouse, partner, person with whom the victim shares a child, or who is or has cohabited with the victim as

a spouse or partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under Kansas or applicable

federal law, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim having protection from such person's

acts by Kansas or applicable federal law.

A "formal complaint" means a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator

alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that the district investigate the

allegation of sexual harassment.

The "investigator" is the person who carries out the investigation after the formal complaint is filed and

conducts interviews of the witnesses, collects and documents evidence, and drafts an investigative

report.

A "respondent" is an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could

constitute sexual harassment.

"Sexual assault" means an offense classified as a forcible or nonforcible sex offense under the uniform

crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"Stalking" means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a

reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or to suffer substantial emotional

distress.

The "Title IX Coordinator" is the individual designated at the district level who has responsibility to

coordinate compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act

of 1964 regarding discrimination on the basis of sex, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination. The Title

IX Coordinator's responsibilities include, but are not liminted to: developing materials and ensuring

professional development occurs for staff involved in Title IX compliance, creating systems to centralize

records, gathering relevant data, contacting the complainant (and/or parents or guardians, if

applicable) once the district has actual knowledge of alleged sexual harassment, coordinating the

implementation of supportive measures, signing a formal complaint to initiate a grievance process, and

ensuring any remedies are implemented.

Recommended by KASB 10/98 Approved by BOE 2/8/99 Amended/Approved 9/8/03 Revised 9/14/15 Revised 2/11/19

Revised 2/11/19

Revised 9/13/21

The Title IX Coordinator, any investigator, decision-maker, or any person who facilitates an informal

resolution process shall not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the complainant or

respondent. These individuals shall receive training on the definition of sexual harassment; the scope of

the education program and activities; how to conduct an investigation, including appeals and informal

resolution processes; and how to serve impartially, including avoiding prejudgment of the facts, conflicts

of interest, and bias. Decision-makers shall receive training on issues of relevance of questions and

evidence, including when questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior

sexual behavior are not relevant. Investigators shall receive training on issues of relevance of questions

and evidence in order for them to create investigative reports that fairly summarize relevant evidence.

Any employee who witnesses an act of sexual harassment or receives a complaint of harassment from

another employee or a student shall report the complaint to their immediate supervisor, building

administrator, or Title IX Coordinator. Employees who fail to report complaints or incidents of sexual

harassment to appropriate distrist officials may face disciplinary action. District officials who fail to

investigate and take appropriate corrective action in response to complaints of sexual harassment may

also face disciplinary action.

Complaints received will be investigated to determine whether, under the totality of the circumstances,

the alleged behavior constitutes sexual harassment under the definition outlined above. Unacceptable

conduct may or may not constitute sexual harassment, depending on the nature of the conduct and its

severity, pervasiveness, and persistence. Behaviors which are unacceptable but do not constitute

harassment may also result in employee discipline.

If discrimination or harassment has occurred, the district will take prompt, remedial action to stop it and

prevent its reoccurrence.

The Title IX Coordinator shall promptly respond in a meaningful way to any reports of sexual discrimination

including sexual harassment of which the district has actual knowledge as follows.

Contact the complainant within 10 business days and discuss the availability of supportive

measures, with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and consider the complainant's

wishes as to supportive measures; and

Inform the complainant of the right to a formal complaint investigation consistent with Title IX

and the informal resolution process.

Supportive Measures

The district will treat the complainant and respondent equitably by offering supportive measures. These non-disciplinary and non-punitive measures will be offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without cost to the complainant or the respondent. Supportive measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party. "Supportive Measures" shall include, but not be limited to, measures designed to protect the safety of all parties, to protect the district's educational environment, or to deter sexual harassment. These measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines or course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring, and other similar measures. The Title IX Coordiantor is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of supportive measures.

The Formal Complaint

No Investigation of alleged sexual harassment may occur until after a formal complaint has been filed.

A formal complaint is a document filed by the complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordiantor alleging sexual harassment and requesting an investigation. The procedures for filing a formal complaint are as follows:

- At the time of filing a formal complain, a complainant must be participating in or attempting
 to participate in the education program or activity of the discrict concerning which the
 formal complaint is filed.
- A formal complaint should be filed in writing and contain the name and address of the person filing the complaint. The complaint should briefly describe the alleged violation. Filing of the complaint with the Title IX Coordinator may be done in person, by mail, or by email. If an individual does not wish to file a written complaint, and the matter has not been adequately resolved, the Title IX Coordinator may initiate the complaint. Forms for filing written complaints are available in each shool building office and the central office.
- A complaint should be filed as soon as possible after the conduct occurs, but not later than 180 calendar days after the complainant becomes aware of the alleged violation, unless the conduct forming the basis for the complaint is ongoing.
- An investigation shall follow the filing of the complaint. If the complaint is against the superintendent, the board shall appoint an investigating officer. In other instances, the investigation shall be conducted by a qualified individual designated by the Title IX Coordinator or another individual appointed by the board. The investigation shall be thorough. All interested persons, including the complainant and the respondent, will be afforded an opportunity to submit written or oral evidence relevant to the complaint.

Formal Complaint Notice Requirements

Upon filing of a formal complaint, the district shall provide written notice to the known parties including:

- * Notice of the allegations of sexual harassment including sufficient details to prepare a response before any initial interview including:
 - o the identities of the parties involved, if known;
 - o the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment; and
 - o the date and location of the alleged incident, if known.
- The district's investigation procedures, including any informal resolution process:
- A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility will be made by the decision-maker at the conclusion of the investigation:
- Notice to the parties they may have an advisor of their choice and may inspect and review any evidence; and
- Notice to the parties of any provision in the district's code of conduct or policy that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information.

If, in the course of an investigation, the investigator decides to investigate allegations about the complainant or respondent that are not included in the notice initially provided, notice of the additional allegations shall be provided to known parties.

Formal Complaint Investigation Procedures

To ensure a complete and thorough investigation and to protect the parties, the investigator shall:

- Ensure that the preponderance of the evidence burden of proof and the burden of gathering
 evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rests on the district and
 not the parties;
- Provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present witnesses and evidence;
- Not restrict either party's ability to discuss the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence;
- Allow the parties to be accompanied with an advisor of the party's choice;
- Provide written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of any interview, meeting, or hearing at which a party is expected to participate;
- Provide the parties equal access to review all the evidence collected which is directly related
 to the allegations raised in a formal complaint, including the investigative report, and the
 opportunity to respond to that evidence before a determination is made;
- Be impartial and objectively evaluate all relevant evidence without relying on sex stereotypes;

Not have conflicts of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondent;

• Not make credibility determinations based on the individual's status as complainant,

respondent, or witness.

Formal Complaint Investigation Report

The investigator shall prepare an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and share

the report with the parties and their advisors for review and response.

Before completing the investigative report, the investigator must send each party and their advisors the

investigative report for review and allow the parties 10 days to submit a written response for the

investigator's consideration.

<u>Decision-Maker's Determination</u>

Upon receiving the investigator's report, the decision-maker must make a determination regarding

responsibility and afford each party the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that the parties

want asked of any party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited

follow-up questions.

The decision-maker must issue a written determination regarding responsibility based on a

preponderance of the evidence. The decision-maker's written determination shall:

• Identify the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment;

Describe the procedural steps taken, including any notifications to the parties, site visits,

methods used to gather evidence, and interviews;

Include the findings of fact supporting the determination;

Address any district policies and/or conduct rules which apply to the facts;

A statement of, and rational for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination

regarding responsibility; and

The procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and/or respondent to appeal the

determination.

The written determination may, but is not required to, recommend disciplinary sanctions and any

remedies designed to preserve access to the educational program or activity that may be provided by

the district to the complanant.

A copy of the written determination shall be provided to both parties simultaneously.

Recommended by KASB 10/98 Approved by BOE 2/8/99 Amended/Approved 9/8/03 Revised 9/14/15 Revised 2/11/19 Revised 9/14/20 Revised 9/13/21

The range of disciplinary sanctions and remedies may include, but may not be limited to, supportive

measures, short term suspension, long term suspension, expulsion for students, and/or termination for

employees. Complainants and respondents shall be treated equitably by providing remedies to a

complainant where a determination of responsibility for sexual harassment has been made. The Title IX

Coordinator is responsible for the effective implementation of any remedies. If the investigation results in

a recommendation that a student be suspended or expelled, procedures outlined in board policy and

state law governing student suspension and expulsion will be followed.

If the investigation results in a recommendation that an employee be suspended with or without pay or

terminated, procedures outlined in board policy, the negotiated agreement (as applicable), and/or

state law will be followed.

Records relating to complaints filed and their resolution shall be maintained by the Title IX Coordinator for

seven years.

The decision becomes final on the date the parties receive the results of an appeal, if any appeal is filed,

or on the date the opportunity for an appeal expires.

Appeals

The complainant or respondent may appeal the decision-maker's determination regarding responsibility

or a dismissal of a formal complaint, on the following base:

Procedural irregularity that affected the outcomes;

New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time that could affect the outcome;

and/or

The Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decision-maker had a conflict of interest or bias

against either party that affected the outcome.

The request to appeal shall be made in writing to the Title IX Coordinator within 10 days after the date of

the written determination. Appeals shall be a review of the record by an attorney, an independent

hearing officer appointed by the board, or the board. The appeal decision-maker may not be the Title IX

Coordinator, the Investigator, or the decision-maker from the original determination.

The appeal decision-maker will issue a written decision within 30 days after the appeal is filed. The

appeal decision-maker will describe the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result.

The appeal decision-maker shall:

Recommended by KASB 10/98 Approved by BOE 2/8/99 Amended/Approved 9/8/03 Revised 9/14/15 Revised 2/11/19 Revised 9/14/20 Revised 9/13/21

- Review the evidence gathered by the investigator, the investigator's report, and the original decision-maker's determination;
- Notify both parties in writing of the filing of an appeal and give them an opportunity to submit further evidence in writing;
- Not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainant or respondent and receive the required training;
- Issue a written decision and the rationale for the decision within 30 days after the appeal is filed;
- Describe the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result in the decision; and
- Provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties and to the Title IX Coordinator.

<u>Informal Resolution Process</u>

At any time during the formal complaint process and prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility, the district may facilitate an informal resolution process, such as mediation, that does not involve a full investigation and determination of responsibility.

The informal resolution process my be facilitated by a trained educational professional, consultant, or other individual selected by the Title IX Coordinator under the following conditions;

- The parties are provided a written notice disclosing the allegations, the requirements of the informal resolution process, information on when it may preclude the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations;
- At any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the investigation of the formal complaint and be informed of any consequences resulting from participating in the informal resolution process;
- The parties voluntarily and in writing consent to the informal resolution process; and
- The informal resolution process cannot be used to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.

If the matter is resolved to the satisfaction of the parties, the facilitator shall document the nature of the complaint and the proposed resolution, have both parties sign the documentation and receive a copy, and forward it to the Title IX Coordinator. Within 20 days after the complaint is resolved in this manner, the Title IX Coordinator shall contact the complainant to determine if the resolution of the matter remains acceptable. If the matter is not resolved, or if the individual does not believe the resolution remains acceptable within 20 days after the informal resolution document is executed, the individual or the Title IX Coordinator may proceed with the formal complaint process.

If discrimination or harassment has occurred, the district will take prompt, remedial action to prevent its

reoccurrence. The district prohibits retaliation or discrimination against any person for opposing

discrimination, including harassment; for participating in the complaint process; or making a complaint,

testifying, assisting, or participating in any investigation, proceeding. or appeal.

Use of this complaint procedure is not a prerequisite to the pursuit of any other remedies including the

right to file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, the Equal

Employment Opportunity Commission, or the Kansas Human Rights Commission.

Initiation of a complaint of sexual harassment in good faith will not adversely affect the job security or

status of an employee, nor will it affect his or her compensation. Any act of retaliation or discrimination

against any person who has filed a complaint or testified, assisted or participated in any investigation,

proceeding, or hearing involving sex discrimination including sexual harassment is prohibited. Any person

who retaliates is subject to immediate disciplinary action, up to and including termination of

employment.

To the extent possible while still following the above procedures, confidentiality will be maintained

throughout the investigation and resolution of a complaint. The desire for confidentiality must be

balanced with the district's obligation to conduct a thorough investigation, to provide supportive

measures to both parties, to take appropriate corrective action, and to provide due process to the

complainant and the respondent.

False or malicious complaints of sexual harassment may result in corrective or disciplinary action against

the complainant.

A summary of this policy and the complaint procedures including how to report or file a formal complaint

of sex discrimination or sexual harassment shall be posted in each district facility, shall be published in

employee handbooks, and on the district's website as directed by the Title IX Coordinator. Notification of

the policy may include posting information notices, publishing in local newspapers, publishing in

newspapers and magazines operated by the school, or distributing memoranda or other written

communications to students and employees. In addition, the district is required to include a statement of

nondiscriminatory policy in any bulletins, announcements, publications, catalogs, application forms, or

other recruitment materials that are made available to participants, students, applicants, or employees.

Recommended by KASB 10/98 Approved by BOE 2/8/99 Amended/Approved 9/8/03 Revised 9/14/15 Revised 2/11/19 Revised 9/14/20 Revised 9/13/21